

**Class: XI****Time Allowed: 25 minutes****Q1:****MODEL PAPER 2026****SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY****SECTION "A" (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)****Marks: 20**

**Note:** Attempt ALL MCQs from Section 'A'. Each MCQ carries ONE mark.

1. What is the social science that studies human mental processes and behavior?  
 A. Psychology      B. Sociology      C. Sociology      D. Economics
2. Which social science is most concerned with understanding social inequality?  
 A. Sociology      B. Economics      C. Political science      D. Psychology
3. In which system of social stratification are individuals owned by others?  
 A. Class system      B. Estate system      C. Slavery system      D. Caste system
4. What is the term for the norms and values that govern behaviour in a society?  
 A. Culture      B. Society      C. Institution      D. Socialization
5. Which of the following is an example of a folkway?  
 A. Shaking hands when greeting    B. Paying taxes      C. Respecting elders      D. Voting in elections
6. What is the relationship between Sociology and Psychology?  
 A. Sociology focuses on individual behavior, while Psychology focuses on group behavior  
 B. Sociology focuses on group behavior, while Psychology focuses on individual behavior  
 C. Sociology and Psychology are unrelated      D. Sociology and Psychology are the same
7. What is a key characteristic of the scientific approach in sociology?  
 A. Subjectivity      B. Bias      C. Objectivity      D. Emotional involvement
8. What is the key advantage of qualitative research?  
 A. Large sample size      B. In-depth understanding of social phenomena  
 C. Statistical analysis      D. Experimental control
9. Which research method is best suited for exploring complex social issues?  
 A. Qualitative research      B. Quantitative research. C. Mixed research.      D. Survey research
10. What is the process by which individuals learn and internalize social norms and values?  
 A. Social control.      B. Socialization.      C. Cultural transmission. D. Personality development.
11. Which agency of socialization plays a crucial role in teaching children about social norms and values?  
 A. Family      B. School      C. Peer group      D. Media
12. What is the primary function of the economic institution in a society?  
 A. To provide education.      B. To promote health.  
 C. To produce and distribute goods and services.      D. To enforce laws.
13. What is the term for children raised in orphanages?  
 A. Feral children      B. Deprived children      C. Isolated children      D. Institutionalized children
14. Which type of society is characterized by the use of advanced technology and service-based economy?  
 A. Agricultural society      B. Industrial society      C. Post-industrial society D. Hunting and gathering society
15. What is the term for behavior that violates social norms and expectations?  
 A. Conformity      B. Deviance      C. Social control      D. Crime
16. Which system of social stratification is based on ownership of land and power?  
 A. Caste system      B. Class system      C. Estate system      D. Slavery system
17. What is demography?  
 A. The study of social institutions      B. The study of culture  
 C. The study of social change      D. The study of the human population
18. Which of the following is a component of social development?  
 A. Economic growth      B. Industrialization  
 C. Education and healthcare      D. Technological advancement
19. What is population in the context of sociology?  
 A. The number of people living in a city      B. The number of people living in a country  
 C. The total number of people living in a specific area      D. The number of people living in a household
20. What is fertility in the context of population studies?  
 A. The number of births in a population      B. The number of deaths in a population  
 C. The number of people moving into a population      D. The number of people moving out of a population



Class: XI

**MODEL PAPER 2026**

Time: 2 hours 35 minutes

**SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY (SECTION "B" AND SECTION "C")**  
**SECTION "B" (SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS)**
**Total Marks 80**  
**40 Marks**

**Note:** Attempt any **EIGHT** questions from Section 'B'. Each question carries **FIVE** marks.

Q.2 Explain how Sociology and Psychology complement each other in understanding human behavior.

Q.3 Identify the key features of industrial societies.

Q.4 Explain the role of institutions in shaping social norms and values.

Q.5 Explain the strengths of the mixed research model in addressing complex research questions.

Q.6 Identify the types of research questions that are best suited for qualitative research methods.

Q.7 Describe the differences between Feral Children and Isolated Children in terms of their social development.

Q.8 Explain how socialization processes contribute to the construction of gender roles in society.

Q.9 Identify the main differences between Hunting and Pastoral Societies in terms of their social structures.

Q.10 Identify the key differences between deviance and crime, providing examples of each.

Q.11 Explain how the caste system differs from the class system.

Q.12 Describe the impact of fertility rates on population growth in Pakistan.

Q.13 Describe the importance of investing in human capital for social development.

**SECTION "C" (DETAILED ANSWER QUESTIONS)****40 Marks**

**Note:** Attempt any **TWO** questions from Section 'C'. Each question carries **TWENTY** marks.

Q.14 (a) Analyze the impact of migration on population growth and economic development in Pakistan.

Q.14 (b) Evaluate the significance of socialization agents in promoting social cohesion and cultural continuity in traditional societies.

Q.15 (a) Compare and contrast the socialization experiences of Feral Children and Institutionalized Children.

Q.15 (b) Assess the role of family and school in transmitting cultural values and norms to children.

Q.16 (a) Evaluate the impact of the mass media on societal values and norms.

Q.16 (b) Contrast the approaches of economic development and social development in promoting human well-being.

**END OF PAPER**